

Empirical & Molecular Formula

1. A compound is found to be 40% carbon, 6.7% hydrogen, and 53.5% oxygen. Its molecular mass is 60 g/mol. What is its molecular formula?

2. A compound is 64.9% carbon, 13.9% hydrogen, and 21.6 % oxygen. Its molecular mass is 75 g/mol. What is its molecular formula?

3. A compound is 54.5% carbon, 9.1% hydrogen, and 36.4 % oxygen. Its molecular mass is 88 g/mol. What is its molecular formula?

Name : _____ Date : _____

Empirical & Molecular Formula

Answers

1. A compound is found to be 40% carbon, 6.7% hydrogen, and 53.5% oxygen. Its molecular mass is 60 g/mol. What is its molecular formula?

$$\text{Moles of C} = 40 \text{ g} / 12.01 \text{ g/mol} = 3.33 \text{ moles} / 3.33 \text{ moles} = 1$$

$$\text{Moles of H} = 6.7 \text{ g} / 1.01 \text{ g/mol} = 6.63 \text{ moles} / 3.33 \text{ moles} = 2$$

$$\text{Moles of O} = 53.5 \text{ g} / 16.00 \text{ g/mol} = 3.34 \text{ moles} / 3.33 \text{ moles} = 1$$

$$\text{Empirical formula} = \text{CH}_2\text{O}$$

$$\text{Empirical formula mass} = (1 \times 12.01) + (2 \times 1.01) + (1 \times 16.00) = 30.02 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \text{Molar mass} / \text{Empirical formula mass} = 62 \text{ g} / 30.02 \text{ g/mol} = 2$$

$$\text{Molecular formula} = (\text{CH}_2\text{O})_2 = \text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}_2$$

2. A compound is 64.9% carbon, 13.9% hydrogen, and 21.6 % oxygen. Its molecular mass is 75 g/mol. What is its molecular formula?

$$\text{Moles of C} = 64.9 \text{ g} / 12.01 \text{ g/mol} = 5.404 \text{ moles} / 1.35 \text{ moles} = 4$$

$$\text{Moles of H} = 13.9 \text{ g} / 1.01 \text{ g/mol} = 13.762 \text{ moles} / 1.35 \text{ moles} = 10$$

$$\text{Moles of O} = 21.6 \text{ g} / 16.00 \text{ g/mol} = 1.35 \text{ moles} / 1.35 \text{ moles} = 1$$

$$\text{Empirical formula} = \text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$$

$$\text{Empirical formula mass} = (4 \times 12.01) + (10 \times 1.01) + (1 \times 16.00) = 74 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \text{Molar mass} / \text{Empirical formula mass} = 75 \text{ g} / 74 \text{ g/mol} = 1$$

$$\text{Molecular formula} = \text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$$

3. A compound is 54.5% carbon, 9.1% hydrogen, and 36.4 % oxygen. Its molecular mass is 88 g/mol. What is its molecular formula?

$$\text{Moles of C} = 54.5 \text{ g} / 12.01 \text{ g/mol} = 4.5 \text{ moles} / 2.28 \text{ moles} = 2$$

$$\text{Moles of H} = 9.1 \text{ g} / 1.01 \text{ g/mol} = 9.01 \text{ moles} / 2.28 \text{ moles} = 4$$

$$\text{Moles of O} = 36.4 \text{ g} / 16.00 \text{ g/mol} = 2.28 \text{ moles} / 2.28 \text{ moles} = 1$$

$$\text{Empirical formula} = \text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}$$

$$\text{Empirical formula mass} = (2 \times 12.01) + (4 \times 1.01) + (1 \times 16.00) = 44 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \text{Molar mass} / \text{Empirical formula mass} = 88 \text{ g} / 44 \text{ g/mol} = 2$$

$$\text{Molecular formula} = (\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O})_2 = \text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}_2$$

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